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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A <u>computer implemented</u> method of simulating a logic design, the method comprising:

storing a first state to identify in a simulation of a logic design whether a node included in the logic design has a logic high value;

storing a second state to identify in simulation of the logic design whether the node has a logic low value;

storing a third state to identify in simulation of the logic design whether the node has an undefined state; and

performing a three state simulation of the logic design to determine an output of the node in simulation of the logic design based on the first state, the second state, and the third state; and

determining if the simulation of the logic design was successful, based on whether the output of the node has an undefined state; and

performing a four state simulation of the logic design if the three state simulation of the logic design was successful.

2. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 1 further comprising determining whether the output of the node in simulation of the logic design has a high impedance state based on the first state, the second state, and the third state.

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3. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 1 further comprising storing the third state only if at least two sources drive the node.

- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Currently Amended) The <u>computer implemented</u> method of claim 1 further comprising:

determining the output based on which of the first state, the second state, and the third state is at a logic high.

6. (Previously Presented) An article for simulating a logic design, the article comprising:

a machine readable medium which contains machine executable instructions, the instructions causing a machine to:

store a first state to identify in a simulation of a logic design whether a first node included in the logic design has a logic high value;

store a second state to identify in simulation of the logic design whether the first node has a logic low value;

store a third state to identify in simulation of the logic design whether the first node has an undefined state; and

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output of the node has an undefined state; and

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perform a three state simulation of the logic design to determine an output of the node in simulation of the logic design based on the first state, the second state, and the third state; and determine if the simulation of the logic design was successful, based on whether the

perform a four state simulation of the logic design if the three state simulation of the logic design was successful.

- 7. (Original) The article of claim 6 further causing a machine to determine whether the output of the node in simulation of the logic design has a high impedance state based on the first state, the second state, and the third state.
- 8. (Original) The article of claim 6 further causing a machine to store the third state only if at least two sources drive the node.
 - 9. (Canceled)
 - 10. (Original) The article of claim 6 further causing a machine to:

determine the output based on which of the first state, the second state, and the third state is at a logic high.

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11. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for simulating a logic design, the apparatus comprising:

a memory that stores executable instructions; and

a processor that executes the instructions to:

store a first state to identify in a simulation of a logic design whether a first node included in the logic design has a logic high value,

store a second state to identify in simulation of the logic design whether the first node has a logic low value,

store a third state to identify in simulation of the logic design whether the first node has an undefined state, and

perform a three state simulation of the logic design to determine an output of the node in simulation of the logic design based on the first state, the second state, and the third state; and

determine if the simulation of the logic design was successful, based on whether the output of the node has an undefined state; and

perform a four state simulation of the logic design if the three state simulation of the logic design was successful.

12. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 further executing the instructions to determine whether the output of the node in simulation of the logic design has a high impedance state based on the first state, the second state, and the third state.

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13. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 further executing the instructions to store the third state only if at least two sources drive the node.

- 14. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 further executing the instructions to perform four state simulation of the logic design subsequent to the simulation of the logic design if the simulation of the logic design was successful.
- 15. (Original) The apparatus of claim 11 further executing the instructions to determine the output based on which of the first state, the second state, and the third state is at a logic high.
- 16. (Previously Presented) A method of simulating a logic design, the method comprising:

storing three bits of state information for a node included in a logic design, where the state information is represented by one of two possible values of the three bits of state information as a first bit of the three bits representing the presence or absence of a high state for the node, a second bit of the three bits representing the presence or absence of a logic low state for the node, and a third bit of the three bits representing the presence or absence of an undefined state based for the node; and

checking states of the three bits in simulating operation of the logic design.

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17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising determining an output of the node in simulation of the logic design based on the three bits of state information.

- 18. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising determining whether an output of the node in simulation of the logic design has a logic high state, a logic low state, or an undefined state based the three bits of state information.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising determining whether an output of the node in simulation of the logic design has a high impedance state based the three bits of state information.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising storing four bits of state information for the node included in the logic design;

checking the four bits in a second simulating operation of the logic design; and determining whether an output of the node in simulation of the logic design has a logic high state, a logic low state, an undefined state, or a high impedance state based the four bits of state information.

21. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising determining an output of the node based on which of the three bits of information is at a logic high.

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22. (Previously Presented) A method for simulating a logic design using cycle based simulation, the method comprising:

attempting to write a result of a logic computation instruction to a location in a first memory page storing an original value, the memory page being write protected;

copying the instruction to a second memory page;

executing the second memory page starting with the instruction;

unprotecting the write protected memory page and storing a result of the instruction at the location in the first memory page;

rewriting the original value to the location in the first memory page; and re-protecting the write protected memory page.

- 23. (Original) The method of claim 22 further comprising inserting an illegal instruction after the instruction in the second memory page that triggers the rewriting and the reprotecting.
- 24. (Original) The method of claim 22 further comprising generating an exception if a computer system attempts to write the result of the logic computation instruction to the location in the write protected memory page.